acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034 date of compilation: 2016-12-08 Version: GHS 6.0 en Revision: 2023-02-28

Replaces version of: 2021-09-09

Version: (GHS 5)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

Product identifier 1.1

Identification of the substance Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

Article number 0034

CAS number [7722-84-1]

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: Laboratory chemical

Laboratory and analytical use

Uses advised against: Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with the skin. Do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs. Do not use for private

purposes (household).

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG Schoemperlenstr. 3-5 D-76185 Karlsruhe Germany

Telephone:+49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0 **Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149 e-mail: sicherheit@carlroth.de Website: www.carlroth.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data :Department Health, Safety and Environment

sicherheit@carlroth.de e-mail (competent person):

Emergency telephone number 1.4

Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Website
NSW Poisons Information Centre Childrens Hospital	Hawkesbury Road	2145 West- mead, NSW	131126	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

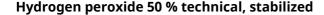
2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.13	Oxidising liquid	2	Ox. Liq. 2	H272
3.10	Acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302
3.1I	Acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332

Australia (en) Page 1 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



article number: 0034



Section	Hazard class	Cat- egory	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
3.2	Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
3.3	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.8R	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respirat- ory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

Signal word Danger

Pictograms

GHS03, GHS05, GHS07







Hazard statements

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists
P280 Wear eye protection/face protection

Precautionary statements - response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher for extinction

Precautionary statements - storage

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Hydrogen peroxide solution ... %

Australia (en) Page 2 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Notes
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	CAS No 7722-84-1	50	Ox. Liq. 1 / H271 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 STOT SE 3 / H335	(!)	B(a)

Notes

B(a): The classification refers to an aqueous solution

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures



General notes

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

Following inhalation

Provide fresh air. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

Australia (en) Page 3 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Following inhalation: Cough, Dyspnoea, Pulmonary irritation,

Following skin contact: Irritation, Corrosion,

After eye contact: Conjunctivitis (pink eye), Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness,

Following ingestion: Gastric perforation, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Vertigo, Spasms, Unconscious-

ness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media



Suitable extinguishing media

co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, foam, dry extinguishing powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet, carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidising property. Non-combustible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

Australia (en) Page 4 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Provision of sufficient ventilation. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep only in original container. Protect from sunlight. May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage. Keep/store away from clothing/combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.

Consideration of other advice:

Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted.

Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Do not keep the container sealed.

Recommended storage temperature: 15 - 25 °C

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Cou ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STE [PP]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil ing- C [pp m]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	hydrogen peroxide	7722-84- 1	WES	1	1.4						WES

Notation

TWA

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified)
Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Australia (en) Page 5 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



Relevant DNELs	Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture										
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshol d level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time					
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	DNEL	1.4 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects					
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	DNEL	3 mg/m³	human, inhalat- ory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects					

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture Name of sub-**CAS No Exposure time** End-Threshol **Organism Environmental** stance point d level compartment 0.0138 ^{mg}/_l Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1 **PNEC** aquatic organwater intermittent resolution ... % lease isms 7722-84-1 **PNEC** 0.013 ^{mg}/₁ freshwater short-term (single Hydrogen peroxide aquatic organsolution ... % isms instance) aquatic organ-Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1 **PNEC** 0.013 ^{mg}/_I marine water short-term (single solution ... % isms instance) 4.66 mg/_I 7722-84-1 **PNEC** aquatic organ-Hydrogen peroxide sewage treatment short-term (single solution ... % isms plant (STP) instance) 0.047 mg/ Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1 **PNEC** aquatic organfreshwater sedishort-term (single solution ... % instance) isms ment kg 7722-84-1 **PNEC** 0.047 mg/ Hydrogen peroxide aquatic organmarine sediment short-term (single solution ... % instance) isms ka Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1 **PNEC** 0.002 mg/ terrestrial organsoil short-term (single solution ... % instance) isms kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

Skin protection





hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 ° C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger / smaller layer thickness, the respective

Australia (en) Page 6 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

material thickness

≥0,5 mm

· breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: B-P2 (combined filters for acidic gases and particles, colour code: Grey/White). Type: ABEK (combined filters against gases and vapours, colour code: Brown/Grey/Yellow/Green).

Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

Colour colourless

Odour pungent

Melting point/freezing point -50 °C

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 110 – 114 °C

range

Flammability non-combustible Lower and upper explosion limit not determined not determined Flash point not determined Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature not relevant pH (value) 2 - 4 (20 °C)Kinematic viscosity not determined 1.85 mPa s at 0 °C Dynamic viscosity

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Australia (en) Page 7 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): not relevant (inorganic)

Vapour pressure

Density and/or relative density

Density

Relative vapour density information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics not relevant (liquid)

Other safety parameters

Oxidising properties oxidiser

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard

classes:

Other safety characteristics:

Miscibility

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Oxidising property.

10.2 Chemical stability

May cause decomposition by long-term light influence.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Acetone, Aldehydes, Alkalis, Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Alkali metals, Alcohols, Amines, Ammonia (NH3), Aniline, Lead, Lead oxide, Alkaline earth metal, Acetic acid, Acetic anhydride, Ether, Hydrazine, Metals, Metal powder, Sodium, Organic substances, Permanganates, Phosphorus, Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P2O5), Reducing agents, Nitric acid, Sulphuric acid, Heavy metals, => Explosive properties

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

lead, iron, copper, bronze, brass, silver, zinc, chromium

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

Australia (en) Page 8 / 16



13 hPa at 20 °C

1.2 ^g/_{cm³} at 20 °C

completely miscible with water

There is no additional information.

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	oral	LD50	693.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	oral	LD50	1,026 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rat
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	dermal	LD50	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}	rabbit

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Australia (en) Page 9 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects), diarrhoea, vomiting, abdominal pain, nausea

• If in eyes

conjunctivitis (pink eye), causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

If inhaled

Irritation to respiratory tract, cough, Dyspnoea

• If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

Other information

Other adverse effects: Headache, Spasms, Vertigo, Unconsciousness

11.2 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	LC50	16.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	ErC50	1.38 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Hydrogen peroxide solution %	7722-84-1	EC50	466 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	30 min

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

Australia (en) Page 10 / 16



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



Data are not available.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

Relevant provisions relating to waste(Basel Convention)

Properties of waste which render it hazardous

H5.1 Oxidizing

H11 Toxic (Delayed or chronic)

13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG UN 2014

IMDG-Code UN 2014 ICAO-TI UN 2014

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDGHYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTIONIMDG-CodeHYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

ICAO-TI Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 5.1 (8)

IMDG-Code 5.1 (8) ICAO-TI 5.1 (8)

Australia (en) Page 11 / 16



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG II
IMDG-Code II
ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dan-

gerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport informationNational regulationsAdditional information(UN RTDG)

UN number 2014
Class 5.1
Subsidiary risk(s) 8
Packing group II
Danger label(s) 5.1+8





Special provisions (SP)

UN RTDG

Excepted quantities (EQ)

UN RTDG

Limited quantities (LQ)

UN RTDG

Emergency Action Code 2P

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Proper shipping name HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN2014, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLU-

TION, stabilized, 5.1 (8), II

Marine pollutant -

Danger label(s) 5.1+8





Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-H, S-Q

Australia (en) Page 12 / 16



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034

Stowage category D

Segregation group 16 - Peroxides

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution Proper shipping name

UN2014, Hydrogen peroxide, aqueous solution, stabilized, 5.1 (8), II Particulars in the shipper's declaration

Danger label(s) 5.1+8





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2 Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations(Australia)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances(AICS)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Other information

Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Observe employment restrictions under the Maternity Protection Directive (92/85/EEC) for expectant or nursing mothers.

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE"

Legend

AIIC CICR Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

Australia (en) Page 13 / 16



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034

Legend

CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIOC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA **Toxic Substance Control Act**

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.3		Endocrine disrupting properties: Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (EDC) in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.	yes
14.8		Emergency Action Code: 2P	yes
15.1		National inventories: change in the listing (table)	yes

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association

Australia (en) Page 14 / 16



acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice

Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034



Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %: the LD50 corresponds to the dose of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
Ox. Liq.	Oxidising liquid
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	Time-weighted average
UN RTDG	UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

Key literature references and sources for data

Safe Work Australia's Code of Practice for Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (under WHS Regulations).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Australia (en) Page 15 / 16

acc. to Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Hydrogen peroxide 50 % technical, stabilized

article number: 0034

Code	Text
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Australia (en) Page 16 / 16