Chemistry 8/08

### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Printed: 02/28/2008 Date Updated: 02/04/2006

Version 1.5

# Section 1 - Product and Company Information

Product Name

POTASSIUM ANTIMONY(III)TARTRATE

HYDRATE, 99.95%

Product Number

230057

Brand

ALDRICH

Company

Sigma-Aldrich

Address

3050 Spruce Street

SAINT LOUIS MO 63103 US

Technical Phone:

800-325-5832 800-325-5052

Fax: Emergency Phone:

314-776-6555

# Section 2 - Composition/Information on Ingredient

Substance Name

CAS #

SARA 313

POTASSIUM ANTIMONY(III) TARTRATE

331753-56-1

Yes

HYDRATE

Formula

C8H4K2O12Sb2.xH2O

Synonyms

Antimonate(2)-, bis(mu-tartrato(4-))di-,

dipotassium, trihydrate \* Emetique (French) \* ENT 50,434 \* Potassium antimonyl tartrate trihydrate

\* Tartar emetic \* Tartaric acid, antimony

potassium salt, trihydrat \* Tartarized antimony \*
Tartox \* Tartrate antimonio-potassique (French) \*

Tartrated antimony

RTECS Number:

CC6825000

# Section 3 - Hazards Identification

### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Toxic. Dangerous for the environment.

Harmful by inhalation. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Target organ(s): Liver. Kidneys.

# HMIS RATING

HEALTH: 2\*

FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: 0

# NFPA RATING

HEALTH: 2

FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: 0

\*additional chronic hazards present.

For additional information on toxicity, please refer to Section 11.

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

### ORAL EXPOSURE

If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided person is conscious. Call a physician immediately.

### INHALATION EXPOSURE

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

### DERMAL EXPOSURE

In case of skin contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician.

# EYE EXPOSURE

In case of contact with eyes, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Assure adequate flushing by separating the eyelids with fingers. Call a physician.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

# FLASH POINT

# AUTOIGNITION TEMP N/A

# FLAMMABILITY N/A

### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable: Water spray. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or appropriate foam.

### FIREFIGHTING

Protective Equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Specific Hazard(s): Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED IN CASE OF LEAK OR SPILL Evacuate area.

# PROCEDURE(S) OF PERSONAL PRECAUTION(S)

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, rubber boots, and heavy rubber gloves.

### METHODS FOR CLEANING UP

Sweep up, place in a bag and hold for waste disposal. Avoid raising dust. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

# HANDLING

User Exposure: Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure.

# STORAGE

Suitable: Keep tightly closed.

# Section 8 - Exposure Controls / PPE

# ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use only in a chemical fume hood. Safety shower and eye bath.

# PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Respiratory: Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU). Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N99 (US) or type P2 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator.

Hand: Compatible chemical-resistant gloves.

Eye: Chemical safety goggles.

# GENERAL HYGIENE MEASURES

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly after handling.

# EXPOSURE LIMITS, RTECS

Со	untry	Source	Type	Value
US.	A	ACGIH	TWA	0.5 MG(SB)/M3
US.	A	MSHA Standard-air	TWA	0.5 MG(SB)/M3
US.	A	OSHA.	PEL	8H TWA 0.5 MG(SB)/M3
Ne	w Zealand	OEL:		
Re	marks: che	eck ACGIH TLV		
US.	A	NIOSH	TWA	0.5 MG(SB)/M3
	and the second s			

Section 9 - Physical/Chemical Properties				
Appearance	Physical State: Solid Color: White Form: Powder			
Property	Value At Temperature or Pressure			
Molecular Weight pH BP/BP Range MP/MP Range Freezing Point Vapor Pressure Vapor Density Saturated Vapor Conc. SG/Density Bulk Density Odor Threshold Volatile% VOC Content Water Content Solvent Content Evaporation Rate Viscosity Surface Tension	613.82 AMU N/A			
Partition Coefficient Decomposition Temp. Flash Point Explosion Limits Flammability Autoignition Temp	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A			

Refractive Index Optical Rotation

N/A
Degree of Rotation: 20 °C 20 g/l Solvent: H2O

+140.69°

Miscellaneous Data

Solubility

N/A Solubility in Water:Soluble.

Other Solvents: SOLUBLE IN WATER, GLYCEROL

### N/A = not available

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

### STABILITY

Stable: Stable.

Materials to Avoid: Mineral acids, Strong bases, Carbonates, Lead, Silver salts, Strong oxidizing agents.

### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Antimony/antimony oxides, Potassium oxides.

### HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### ROUTE OF EXPOSURE

Skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

Skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation: Material may be irritating to mucous membranes and

upper respiratory tract. May be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion: Toxic if swallowed.

# TARGET ORGAN(S) OR SYSTEM(S)

Liver. Kidneys. Heart.

# SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Damage to the kidneys. Potassium antimony tartrate is the most potent trivalent antimony compound. Trivalent antimony compounds are more toxic than the pentavalent because they are excreted slowly. The most serious adverse effects are on the heart and liver along with coughing, chest and abdominal pain, vomiting, fainting, and collapse. Less immediate adverse effects include: Gastrointestinal disturbances. Headache. Dizziness. Weakness.

# TOXICITY DATA

Oral Human 2 mg/kg LDLO

Intravenous

Man

12 MG/KG

LDLO

Remarks: Liver:Other changes. Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes

Intravenous

Man

249 MG/KG

LD50

Remarks: Gastrointestinal: Nausea or vomiting. Behavioral: Hallucinations, distorted perceptions. Nutritional and Gross Metabolic: Changes in: Body temperature increase.

Oral Rat 115 mg/kg LD50

Intraperitoneal Rat 11 MG/KG LD50

Intraperitoneal Mouse 33 MG/KG LD50

Subcutaneous Mouse 55 MG/KG LD50

Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Dyspnea. Behavioral: Muscle weakness.

Intravenous Mouse 45 MG/KG LD50

Oral Rabbit 115 mg/kg LD50

Intravenous Rabbit 12 MG/KG LD50

Intraperitoneal Guinea pig 15 MG/KG LD50

# CHRONIC EXPOSURE - MUTAGEN

Species: Human Dose: 100 UMOL/L Cell Type: fibroblast

Mutation test: Cytogenetic analysis

Species: Rat

Route: Intraperitoneal

Dose: 2 MG/KG

Mutation test: Cytogenetic analysis

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

ACUTE ECOTOXICITY TESTS

Test Type: EC50 Daphnia Species: Daphnia magna

Time: 48 h Value: 5 mg/l

# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

APPROPRIATE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION
Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose
of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible
solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an
afterburner and scrubber. Observe all federal, state, and local
environmental regulations.

# Section 14 - Transport Information

### DOT

Proper Shipping Name: Antimony potassium tartrate

UN#: 1551 Class: 6.1

Packing Group: Packing Group III Hazard Label: Toxic Substance

PIH: Not PIH

### IATA

Proper Shipping Name: Antimony potassium tartrate

IATA UN Number: 1551 Hazard Class: 6.1 Packing Group: III

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

# EU DIRECTIVES CLASSIFICATION

Symbol of Danger: Xn-N

Indication of Danger: Harmful. Dangerous for the environment.

R: 20/22-51/53

Risk Statements: Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S: 61

Safety Statements: Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

### US CLASSIFICATION AND LABEL TEXT

Indication of Danger: Toxic. Dangerous for the environment. Risk Statements: Harmful by inhalation. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety Statements: After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

US Statements: Target organ(s): Liver. Kidneys.

# UNITED STATES REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA LISTED: Yes DEMINIMIS: 1 %

NOTES: This product is subject to SARA section 313 reporting requirements - antimony compounds.

### CANADA REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS Classification: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

DSL: No NDSL: No

# Section 16 - Other Information

### DISCLAIMER

For R&D use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

# WARRANTY

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Inc., shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale. Copyright 2008 Sigma-Aldrich Co. License granted to make unlimited paper copies for internal use only.