SAFETY DATA SHEET



RBS-35 Concentrate

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : RBS-35 Concentrate

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Product code : 0027852 0027950 0027952 0027953B 0027954 1801920

SDS # : 0765

Chemical formula : Not applicable.

CAS # : Not applicable.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : Thermo Fisher Scientific

Pierce Biotechnology

P.O. Box 117 Rockford, IL 61105 United States 815.968.0747 or 800.874.3723

7 AM - 5 PM Central Time (GMT -06:00)

Emergency telephone

number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC: 800.424.9300 Outside US: 703.527.3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash

hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

identification

: Not available.

: Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|--|-------|------------|
| tetrapotassium pyrophosphate | 3 - 5 | 7320-34-5 |
| sodium carbonate | 3 - 5 | 497-19-8 |
| Isotridecanol, ethoxylated | 3 - 5 | 69011-36-5 |
| Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active | 1 - 3 | 7681-52-9 |
| 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated | 1 - 3 | 26027-38-3 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: 20 to 25°C (68 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|--|--|
| Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active | AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). STEL: 2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Viscous.]
Color : White. Cloudy.

Odor : Odorless.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 13 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: 95°C (203°F)

Flash point : [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Burning time : Not applicable.

Burning rate : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: 1.093 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.09

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

SADT : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------|
| sodium carbonate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4090 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: To the best of our knowledge, the toxicological properties of this product have not been thoroughly investigated.

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| sodium carbonate | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.5 minutes | - |
| | Cura Madayata imitayat | Dabbit | | 100 milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | | milligrams 50 milligrams | _ |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | _ | 24 hours 500 | _ |
| | Citing initiality | , tabbit | | milligrams | |
| Sodium hypochlorite solution | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 1.31 | - |
| CI active | - | | | milligrams | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 10 milligrams | - |
| 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 | - |
| | | | | microliters | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Experiment | Result |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------|
| , , | Morphological transformation | Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic | Equivocal |

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|--|------|------|-----|
| Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active | - | 3 | - |

Reproductive toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Maternal toxicity | Fertility | Development toxin | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated | - | Positive | - | Rat - Female | Implant: 2500 µg/ kg | - |
| | - | Positive | - | Rat - Female | Implant: 5 mg/kg | - |
| | Positive | - | - | Rat - Female | Implant: 50 mg/kg | - |
| | Positive | - | - | Rabbit - Female | Implant: 1250 µg/ kg | - |
| | - | Positive | - | Rabbit - Female | Implant: 1 mg/kg | - |

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated | Category 3 | | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation: May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|-------|--------------|
| Oral | 9000.7 mg/kg |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|---|---|----------|
| sodium carbonate | Acute EC50 242000 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Navicula seminulum | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 176000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Amphipoda | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 265000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 300000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| Sodium hypochlorite solution CI active | Acute EC50 46000 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Gracilaria tenuistipitata | 4 days |
| | Acute EC50 0.04 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 56400 to 77400 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 54 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia peninsulae - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 10000 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Gracilaria tenuistipitata | 4 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.1 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Young | 30 days |
| 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated | Acute LC50 20900 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex | 48 hours |
| • | Acute LC50 18200 to 22550 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : COD: 36100 mg/L BOD5: <5 mg/L

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| RBS-35 Concentrate | - | - | Inherent |

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | IATA |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| UN number | UN3267 | UN3267 |
| UN proper shipping name | Corrosive liquids, basic, organic, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) | Corrosive liquids, basic, organic, n.o.s. (sodium hydroxide) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8 Company | 8 |
| Packing group | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Reportable quantity 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [545.16 gal / 2063. 6 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L |

Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

73/78 and the IBC Code

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active; sodium hydroxide;

sodium metaphosphate; trisodium orthophosphate

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

| % | Fire hazard | Sudden release of pressure | Reactive | Immediate (acute) health hazard | Delayed (chronic) health hazard |
|-------|----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| 3 - 5 | Yes. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| 3 - 5 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| 3 - 5 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| 1 - 3 | No. | No. | Yes. | Yes. | No. |
| 1 - 3 | No. | No. | No. | Yes. | No. |
| | 3 - 5 3 - 5 3 - 5 1 - 3 | 3 - 5 Yes. 3 - 5 No. 3 - 5 No. 1 - 3 No. | hazard release of pressure 3 - 5 | hazard prelease of pressure release of pressure 3 - 5 Yes. No. No. 3 - 5 No. No. No. 3 - 5 No. No. No. 1 - 3 No. No. Yes. | hazard release of pressure (acute) health hazard |

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

New York : The following components are listed: Sodium hypochlorite

New Jersey : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; HYPOCHLOROUS

ACID, SODIUM SALT

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, SODIUM SALT

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons : Not listed

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

Chemical Weapons : Not listed

Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons : Not listed

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health 3
Chronic Health Hazard
Flammability 0
Physical hazards 1

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health 3 Flammability 0 Instability/Reactivity 1

Special

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

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revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Prepared by : MSDS (Regulatory Specialist)

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

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Section 16. Other information

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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