Ethanol, 70% w/v Page 1 of 6

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name Ethanol, 70% w/v EMD Chemicals Inc. Manufacturer

P.O. Box 70 480 Democrat Road Gibbstown, NJ 08027

Prior to January 1, 2003 EMD Chemicals Inc. was EM Industries, Inc. or EM Science, Division of EM Industries,

For More Information Call 856-423-6300 Technical Service Monday-Friday: 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM

Synonym

Material Uses Analytical reagent.

Chemical Family Solution.

EX0281 **Product Code** 3/3/2003 **Effective Date**

In Case of Emergency Call 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) 613-996-6666 CANUTEC (Canada) 24 Hours/Day: 7 Days/Week

Section 2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS#	% by Weight
ETHANOL	64-17-5	60-70
WATER	7732-18-5	30
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	108-10-1	0-1
METHANOL	67-56-1	0-5
ETHYL ACETATE	141-78-6	0-1

Section 3. Hazards Identification

Physical State and

Appearance

Emergency Overview

Liquid. DANGER!

POISON!

FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED.

MAY CAUSE BLINDNESS IF SWALLOWED. CANNOT BE MADE NON-POISONOUS.

BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD.

CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE BIRTH DEFECT. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAUSES DAMAGE TO THE FOLLOWING ORGANS: BLOOD, KIDNEYS, REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM, LIVER, GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT, RESPIRATORY

TRACT, SKIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM, EYE, LENS OR CORNEA.

Absorbed through skin. Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Routes of Entry Potential Acute Health Effects

Eyes Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant). Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching.

Skin Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator, irritant). Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering.

Inhalation Hazardous in case of inhalation (lung irritant).

Ingestion Extremely hazardous in case of ingestion. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed.

Potential Chronic Health Effects

Carcinogenic Effects This material is not known to cause cancer in animals or humans.

Additional information See Toxicological Information (section 11)

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure:

Repeated exposure to a highly toxic material may produce general deterioration of health by an

accumulation in one or many human organs.

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing

contaminated clothing and shoes. Cover the irritated skin with an emollient. Cold water may be used. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention

Ethanol, 70% w/v Page 2 of 6

immediately.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get

medical attention immediately.

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability of the Product Product will burn.

Auto-ignition Temperature The lowest known value is 398.9°C (750°F) (ETHANOL).

Flash Points Closed cup: 10.556°C (51°F).
Flammable Limits LOWER: 3.3% UPPER: 19%

Products of Combustion These products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

Fire Hazards in Presence of Highly flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge, of heat, of oxidizing materials.

Various Substances

Flammable in presence of shocks.

Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various

Substances

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of static discharge: Highly flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge. Explosive in presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge.

Risks of explosion of the product in presence of mechanical impact:

Flammable in presence of shocks. Explosive in presence of shocks.

Fire Fighting Media SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

and Instructions LARGE FIRE: Use alcohol foam, water spray or fog. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to

prevent pressure build-up, autoignition or explosion.

Protective Clothing (Fire) Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Special Remarks on Fire Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (ETHANOL)

Hazards

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards Not available.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Small Spill and Leak Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste

disposal container

Large Spill and Leak Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with DRY

earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not get water inside container. Do not touch spilled material. Use water spray to reduce vapors. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dike if needed. Call for assistance on disposal. Be careful that the product is not present at a concentration level

above TLV. Check TLV on the MSDS and with local authorities.

Spill Kit Information The following EMD Chemicals Inc. SpillSolv ® absorbent is recommended for this product: SX1330

Solvent Treatment Kit

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Handling Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mists.

Storage Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors

below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are

proximal to the work-station location.

Personal Protection

Eyes Splash goggles.

Body Lab coat.

Respiratory Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent. Wear appropriate

respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Hands Gloves.

Feet Not applicable

Protective Clothing (Pictograms)



Personal Protection in Case Splash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. A self-contained breathing apparatus should be

Ethanol, 70% w/v Page 3 of 6

of a Large Spill

used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be sufficient; consult a specialist BEFORE handling this product.

Product Name ETHANOL

Exposure Limits

NIOSH REL (United States, 2000). TWA: 1900 mg/m3 Period: 10 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm Period: 10 hour(s). OSHA Final Rule (United States, 1989).

TWA: 1900 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm **AUVA (Austria, 1995).**

Spitzenbegrenzung: 3800 mg/m3 3 times per shift, Period: 60 minute(s). Spitzenbegrenzung: 2000 ML/M3 3 times per shift, Period: 60 minute(s).

MAK: 1900 mg/m3 MAK: 1000 ML/M3 NOHSC (Australia, 1995). TWA: 1880 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm

Lijst Grenswaarden (Belgium, 1998).

VL: 1907 mg/m3 VL: 1000 ppm

SUVA (Switzerland, 1997). MAK: 1900 mg/m3

MAK: 1000 ML/M3 Ministry of Health (CL, 1992).

TWA: 1500 mg/m3 TWA: 800 ppm

MAK-Werte Liste (Germany, 1998).

Spitzenbegrenzung: 1920 mg/m3 4 times per shift, Period: 30 minute(s). Spitzenbegrenzung: 1000 ML/M3 4 times per shift, Period: 30 minute(s).

MAK: 960 mg/m3 MAK: 500 ML/M3

TRGS900 (Germany, 1999).

Spitzenbegrenzung: 7600 mg/m3 Spitzenbegrenzung: 4000 ML/M3

MAK: 1900 mg/m3 MAK: 1000 ML/M3

Arbejdstilsynet (Denmark, 1996).

GV: 1900 mg/m3 GV: 1000 ppm

Tyterveyslaitos (Finland, 1998). STEL: 2500 mg/m3

STEL: 1300 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm INRS (France, 1999). VLE: 9500 mg/m3 VLE: 5000 ppm VME: 1900 mg/m3 VME: 1000 ppm

EH40-OES (United Kingdom (UK), 2000).

TWA: 1920 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm NAOSH (Ireland, 1999). OEL: 1900 mg/m3 OEL: 1000 ppm

Ministry of Labour (KR, 1997).

TWA: 1900 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm

Secretary of Work and Social security (MX, 1994).

CPT: 1900 mg/m3 Period: 8 hour(s). CPT: 1000 ppm Period: 8 hour(s).

Nationale MAC-lijst (Netherlands, 2000). TGG 8 uur: 1000 mg/m3

TGG 8 uur: 500 ppm NZ OSH (NZ, 1994). TWA: 1880 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm AFS (Sweden, 1996). TGV: 1900 mg/m3 TGV: 1000 ppm NGV: 1000 mg/m3 NGV: 500 ppm

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2000).

TWA: 1880 mg/m3 TWA: 1000 ppm Not available.

WATER Not available.
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACGIH (United States, 1994).

Ethanol, 70% w/v Page 4 of 6

> STEL: 307 mg/m3 STEL: 75 ppm TWA: 205 mg/m3 TWA: 50 ppm

NIOSH REL (United States, 1994).

STEL: 300 mg/m3

STEL: 75 ppm TWA: 205 mg/m3 Period: 10 hour(s). TWA: 50 ppm Period: 10 hour(s). OSHA Final Rule (United States, 1989).

STEL: 300 mg/m3 STEL: 75 ppm TWA: 205 mg/m3 TWA: 50 ppm

ACGIH (United States, 1994). Skin **METHANOL**

TWA: 262 mg/m3 STEL: 328 mg/m3

OSHA (United States, 1989). Skin

TWA: 260 mg/m3

STEL: 325 mg/m3 ACGIH (United States, 1994). Skin

STEL: 328 mg/m3 STEL: 250 ppm

TWA: 262 mg/m3 TWA: 200 ppm

NIOSH REL (United States, 1994). Skin

STEL: 325 mg/m3 STEL: 250 ppm

TWA: 260 mg/m3 Period: 10 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm Period: 10 hour(s).

OSHA Final Rule (United States, 1989). Skin

STEL: 325 mg/m3 STEL: 250 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m3 TWA: 200 ppm

ACGIH (United States, 1996). ETHYL ACETATE

TWA: 1440 mg/m3 TWA: 400 ppm

NIOSH REL (United States, 1994). TWA: 1400 mg/m3 Period: 10 hour(s). TWA: 400 ppm Period: 10 hour(s). OSHA Final Rule (United States, 1989).

TWA: 1400 mg/m3 TWA: 400 ppm

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Odor Characteristic. Color Colorless. **Physical State and** Liquid.

Appearance

Molecular Weight Not applicable. **Molecular Formula** Not applicable. Not available.

Boiling/Condensation Point The lowest known value is 64.55°C (148.2°F) (METHANOL). Weighted average: 84.66°C (184.4°F) May start to solidify at -0.1°C (31.8°F) based on data for: WATER. Weighted average: -78.43°C (-**Melting/Freezing Point**

Weighted average: 0.79 (Water = 1) **Specific Gravity**

The highest known value is 12.9 kPa (97 mmHg) (@ 20°C) (METHANOL). Vapor Pressure

Vapor Density The highest known value is 1.6 (Air = 1) (ETHANOL). Weighted average: 1.58 (Air = 1)

Volatility 99.9% (v/v). (METHANOL.)

The highest known value is 100 ppm (METHANOL) **Odor Threshold**

The highest known value is 5.91 (METHANOL) Weighted average: 1.4compared to (n-BUTYL **Evaporation Rate**

ACETATE=1)

VOC 70 (%) LogKow Not available. **Solubility** Soluble in water.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability and Reactivity The product is stable. **Conditions of Instability** Not available.

Incompatibility with Highly reactive with oxidizing agents. Various Substances Slightly reactive to reactive with acids. Ethanol, 70% w/v Page 5 of 6

Rem/Incompatibility **Hazardous Decomposition**

Not available. Not available.

Products

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

RTECS Number:

ETHANOL KQ6300000 Water ZC0110000 4-Methyl-2-pentanone SA9275000 Methanol PC1400000 AH5425000 Ethyl Acetate

Toxicity Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 3450 mg/kg [Mouse]. (ETHANOL). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): 15800 mg/kg [Rabbit]. (METHANOL).

Acute toxicity of the vapor (LC50): 64000 ppm 4 hour(s) [Rat]. (METHANOL).

Chronic Effects on DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [PROVEN] [ETHANOL].

Not available.

Humans

Hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant). Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, **Acute Effects on Humans** and itching. Hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator, irritant). Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening, or, occasionally, blistering. Hazardous in case of inhalation (lung irritant).

Extremely hazardous in case of ingestion. May be fatal if swallowed.

Synergetic Products

(Toxicologically)

Draize Test: Not available.

Irritancy Not available. Sensitization

Carcinogenic Effects This material is not known to cause cancer in animals or humans.

Toxicity to Reproductive Classified Reproductive system/toxin/female, Reproductive system/toxin/male [PROVEN] [ETHANOL].

System

Teratogenic Effects Not available. **Mutagenic Effects** Not available.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Not available. **BOD5** and **COD** Not available.

Toxicity of the Products of

Biodegradation

The products of degradation are less toxic than the product itself.

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

EPA Waste Number

Treatment Incineration, fuels blending or recycle. Contact your local permitted waste disposal site (TSD) for

permissible treatment sites. Always contact a permitted waste disposal (TSD) to assure compliance with

all current local, state, and Federal Regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information

DOT Classification Proper Shipping Name: ETHYL ALCOHOL

Hazard Class: 3 UN number: UN1170 Packing Group: II RQ: Not applicable.

TDG Classification Not available.

IMO/IMDG Proper Shipping Name: ETHYL ALCOHOL

Classification Hazard Class: 3

UN number: UN1170 Packing Group: II RQ: Not applicable. Not available.

ICAO/IATA Classification

Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA 4(a) final test rules: 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; ETHYL ACETATE **U.S. Federal Regulations**

TSCA 8(b) inventory: ETHANOL; WATER; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL

TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting: 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE: 1982

TSCA 12(b) one time export: 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; ETHYL ACETATE

Ethanol, 70% w/v Page 6 of 6

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: ETHANOL; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL;

ETHYL ACETATE

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: ETHANOL: Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE: Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard; METHANOL: Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard; ETHYL ACETATE: Fire Hazard,

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting: METHANOL 2.5%

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found. Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean air act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found. Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found. Clean air act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: No products were found.

WHMIS (Canada)

CLASS B-2: Flammable liquid with a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (VERY TOXIC).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (TOXIC).

CEPA DSL: ETHANOL; WATER; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL ACETATE
This product has been classifed in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Product

Resolutions and the MSDS contains all province in formation.

Regulations and the MSDS contains all required information.

International Regulations EINECS

ETHANOL 200-578-6 WATER 231-791-2

4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE 203-550-1

METHANOL 200-659-6 ETHYL ACETATE 205-500-4

DSCL (EEC) International Lists

R11- Highly flammable.

Australia (NICNAS): ETHANOL; WATER; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL

ACETATE

Germany water class: ETHANOL

Japan (MITI): ETHANOL; WATER; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL ACETATE

Korea (TCCL): ETHANOL; WATER; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL ACETATE

Philippines (RA6969): ETHANOL; WATER; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL

ACETATE

China: No products were found.

State Regulations

Pennsylvania RTK: ETHANOL: (generic environmental hazard); 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard); METHANOL: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard); ETHYL ACETATE: (environmental hazard, generic environmental hazard) Massachusetts RTK: ETHANOL; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL ACETATE New Jersey: ETHANOL; 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE; METHANOL; ETHYL ACETATE

California prop. 65: No products were found.

Section 16. Other Information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) $\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}$

Fire Hazard
Reactivity

Specific Hazard

Changed Since Last Revision

Notice to Reader

The statements contained herein are based upon technical data that EMD Chemicals Inc. believes to be reliable, are offered for information purposes only and as a guide to the appropriate precautionary and emergency handling of the material by a properly trained person having the necessary technical skills. Users should consider these data only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use, storage and disposal of these materials and the safety and health of employees and customers and the protection of the environment. EMD CHEMICALS INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE, WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS.