## Safety Data Sheet

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1. Identification			
Product Name:	ZINSSER 3GL FASTPRIME 2 PLUS PRIMER	Revision Date:	2/4/2016
Product Identifier:	254241	Supercedes Date:	New SDS
Product Use/Class:	Primer/ Waterbased		
Supplier:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA	Manufacturer:	Rust-Oleum Corporation 11 Hawthorn Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061 USA
Preparer:	Regulatory Department		
Emergency Telephone:	24 Hour Hotline: 847-367-7700		

#### 2. Hazard Identification

#### Classification

Symbol(s) of Product



Signal Word Danger

GHS HAZARD STATEMENTS Carcinogenicity, category 1B	H350	May cause cancer.			
GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS					
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.				
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.				
P308+P313	IF exposed	or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.			

### 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

#### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES **Chemical Name** CAS-No. <u>Wt.%</u> **GHS Symbols GHS Statements** <u>Range</u> **Titanium Dioxide** 13463-67-7 2.5-10 Not Available Not Available Kaolin Clay 1332-58-7 2.5-10 Not Available Not Available Ethylene Glycol 107-21-1 2.5-10 Not Available Not Available Hydrous Magnesium Silicate 14807-96-6 1.0-2.5 Not Available Not Available

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Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent-Dewaxed Heavy Paraffinic	64742-65-0	0.1-1.0	GHS08	H350
Monoethanolamine	141-43-5	0.1-1.0	GHS05-GHS06	H302-311-314-332-335
Titanium Dioxide	1317-70-0	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	0.1-1.0	Not Available	Not Available

#### 4. First-aid Measures

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. Do NOT allow rubbing of eyes or keeping eyes closed.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical assistance immediately.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water. If feeling unwell, get medical attention. Swallowing less than an ounce will not cause significant harm. For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention.

#### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

Alcohol Film Forming Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Water Fog EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Keep containers tightly closed. FLASH POINT IS TESTED TO BE GREATER THAN 200 DEGREES F. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent buildup of steam. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

#### Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: If spilled, contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent. Dispose of contaminated absorbent, container, and unused contents in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containersDispose of according to local, state (provincial) and federal regulations. Do not incinerate closed containers.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

HANDLING: Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use only with adequate ventilation. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Avoid breathing fumes, vapors, or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. STORAGE: Store in a dry, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep from freezing. Keep container closed when not in use.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	10.0	10 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Kaolin Clay	1332-58-7	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	15 mg/m3	N.E.
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	5.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Hydrous Magnesium Silicate	14807-96-6	5.0	2 mg/m3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Distillates (Petroleum) Solvent-	64742-65-0	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Dewaxed Heavy Paraffinic	04/42-00-0	1.0	IN.⊑.		IN.E.	IN.E.
Monoethanolamine	141-43-5	1.0	3 ppm	6 ppm	3 ppm	N.E.
Titanium Dioxide	1317-70-0	1.0	Ń.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	1.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Prevent build-up of vapors by opening all doors and windows to achieve cross-ventilation.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

SKIN PROTECTION: Use gloves to prevent prolonged skin contact. Nitrile or Neoprene gloves may afford adequate skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further guidance regarding types of personal protective equipment and their applications. Refer to safety supervisor or industrial hygienist for further information regarding personal protective equipment and its application.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash thoroughly with soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and launder before reuse.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Liquid	Physical State:	Liquid
Odor:	Solvent Like	Odor Threshold:	N.E.
Relative Density:	1.387	pH:	N.D.
Freeze Point, °C:	N.D.	Viscosity:	N.D.
Solubility in Water:	Soluble	Partition Coefficient, n-octanol/	
Decompostion Temp., °C:	N.D.	water:	N.D.
Boiling Range, °C:	-18 - 232	Explosive Limits, vol%:	3.2 - 15.3
Flammability:	Does not Support Combustion	Flash Point, °C:	94
Evaporation Rate:	Slower than Ether	Auto-ignition Temp., °C:	N.D.
Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air	Vapor Pressure:	N.D.

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid contact with strong acid and strong bases.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong alkalies.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: By open flame, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. When heated to decomposition, it emits acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

**STABILITY:** This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

#### 11. Toxicological information

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: Causes eye irritation. Irritating, and may injure eye tissue if not removed promptly.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Substance may cause slight skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** High gas, vapor, mist or dust concentrations may be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing fumes, spray, vapors, or mist. Low hazard for usual industrial handling or commercial handling by trained personnel.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: Substance may be harmful if swallowed.

**EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS:** Contains Titanium Dioxide. Titanium Dioxide is listed as a Group 2B-"Possibly carcinogenic to humans" by IARC. No significant exposure to Titanium Dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which Titanium Dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints during brush application or drying. Risk of overexposure depends on duration and level of exposure to dust from repeated sanding of surfaces or spray mist and the actual concentration of Titanium Dioxide in the formula. (Ref: IARC Monograph, Vol. 93, 2010)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin Absorption, Skin Contact

#### ACUTE TOXICITY VALUES

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Vapor LC50
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	2500 mg/kg	N.I.
1332-58-7	Kaolin Clay	5500 mg/kg	N.I.	25

107-21-1	Ethylene Glycol
14807-96-6	Hydrous Magnesium Silicate
141-43-5	Monoethanolamine
57-55-6	Propylene Glycol

N.I. 30 N.I. N.I.

N.I. - No Information

#### 12. Ecological Information

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Product is a mixture of listed components.

#### 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** Dispose of material in accordance to local, state, and federal regulations and ordinances. Do not allow to enter waterways, wastewater, soil, storm drains or sewer systems.

14. Transport Information					
	Domestic (USDOT)	International (IMDG)	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>TDG (Canada)</u>	
UN Number:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	
Hazard Class:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
Limited Quantity:	No	No	No	No	

#### 15. Regulatory Information

#### **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

#### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Fire Hazard, Reactive Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### Sara Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(b) if exported from the United States:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.
Sodium Nitrite	7632-00-0
5-Chloro-2-Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-one	26172-55-4
2-Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-one	2682-20-4
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0

16. Other Information							
HMIS RATIN Health: 2		1	Physical Hazard:	0	Personal Protection:	х	
NFPA RATIN Health: 2		1	Instability	0			
VOLATILE OF	RGANIC COMPOUN	IDS, g/L:	97				
SDS REVISIO	N DATE:	2/4/2016					
REASON FOF	R REVISION:						

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

Rust-Oleum Corporation believes, to the best of its knowledge, information and belief, the information contained herein to be accurate and reliable as of the date of this safety data sheet. However, because the conditions of handling, use, and storage of these materials are beyond our control, we assume no responsibility or liability for personal injury or property damage incurred by the use of these materials. Rust-Oleum Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or reliability of the data or results obtained from their use. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. The information and recommendations in this material safety data sheet are offered for the users' consideration and examination. It is the responsibility of the user to determine the final suitability of this information and to comply with all applicable international, federal, state, and local laws and regulations.