

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 21-Mar-2011 Revision Date 22-May-2017 Revision Number 4

1. Identification

Product Name Acetic anhydride

Cat No.: A10-1; A10-100; A10-4; A10-500; A10-500LC; A10-RS50; A10-SS200;

NC1314121

Synonyms Acetyl oxide, Acetic acid anhydride, Acetic oxide, Ethanoic anhydride

Recommended UseLaboratory chemicals.

Uses advised against

Not for food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

Emergency Telephone Number

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids
Category 3
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors
Category 2
Skin Corrosion/irritation
Category 1
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 1

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed Fatal if inhaled Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Acetic anhydride



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear respiratory protection

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

Response

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

Eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Ingestion

Rinse mouth

Do NOT induce vomiting

Fire

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears)

Reacts with water and forms acetic acid

Corrosive to the respiratory tract

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	>95

4. First-aid measures

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

Acetic anhydride

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if

victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate

medical attention is required.

Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Ingestion

Most important symptoms/effects Causes burns by all exposure routes. Breathing difficulties. Product is a corrosive material.

> Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache,

dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Treat symptomatically Notes to Physician

5. Fire-fighting measures

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

with water spray.

DO NOT USE WATER **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Flash Point 49 °C / 120.2 °F

Method -Closed cup

Autoignition Temperature 316 °C / 600.8 °F

Explosion Limits

Upper 10.3 vol % Lower 2.9 vol %

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable. Corrosive Material. Water reactive. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

NFPA

Up

Health **Flammability** Instability Physical hazards W 3 2

Accidental release measures

Use personal protective equipment. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources **Personal Precautions**

of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin,

eyes and inhalation of vapors.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological

information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Do not expose spill to water. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away

from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on

skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest. Do not allow contact with water.

Storage Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition. Keep away from water. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL (TWA)
Acetic anhydride	TWA: 1 ppm	(Vacated) Ceiling: 5 ppm	IDLH: 200 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm
1	STEL: 3 ppm	(Vacated) Ceiling: 20 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 5 ppm	TWA: 20 mg/m ³
	1	TWA: 5 ppm	Ceiling: 20 mg/m ³	
		TWA: 20 mg/m ³		

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers

are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by

OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard

EN166.

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respiratory Protection Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard

EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdorpungent

Odor Threshold No information available

Melting Point/Range -73.1 °C / -99.6 °F

Boiling Point/Range 140 °C / 284 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 49 °C / 120.2 °F

Method - Closed cup Evaporation Rate 0.46

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper 10.3 vol %

Acetic anhydride

Lower 2.9 vol %

Vapor Pressure 5 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density3.5Specific Gravity1.087

SolubilityNo information availablePartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data availableAutoignition Temperature316 °C / 600.8 °FDecomposition TemperatureNo information availableViscosity0.91 mPa.s at 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC4 H6 O3Molecular Weight102.09

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard Yes

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. Moisture sensitive. Reacts violently with

water.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Exposure to moist air or water.

Incompatible Materials Oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Strong bases, Water, Strong reducing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous ReactionsNone under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Acetic anhydride	LD50 = 630 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 = 4000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC100: 1.67 mg/L/6h (Rat)
			LC50: 400 ppm/6h (Rat)

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Causes burns by all exposure routes

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	Not listed				

Mutagenic Effects Not mutagenic in AMES Test

Reproductive Effects No information available.

Developmental Effects No information available.

Teratogenicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

Acetic anhydride

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Symptoms

of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetic anhydride	Not listed	LC50: = 265 mg/L, 48h (Leuciscus idus)	Not listed	EC50: = 55 mg/L, 24h (Daphnia magna)

Persistence and Degradability Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation No information available.

Mobility

Component	log Pow
Acetic anhydride	-0.27

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN1715 **UN-No**

ACETIC ANHYDRIDE **Proper Shipping Name**

Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 **Packing Group** Ш

TDG

UN-No UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 Ш **Packing Group**

IATA

UN-No UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class 3 **Packing Group** Ш

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1715

Proper Shipping Name ACETIC ANHYDRIDE

Hazard Class Subsidiary Hazard Class 3

Packing Group

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15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Acetic anhydride	Χ	Χ	-	203-564-8	-		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	X

Legend:

- X Listed
- E Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b) Not applicable

SARA 313 Not applicable

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard Yes
Chronic Health Hazard No
Fire Hazard Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard No
Reactive Hazard Yes

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Hazardous Substances	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants
Acetic anhydride	Χ	5000 lb	-	-

Clean Air Act Not applicable

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Not applicable

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Component	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA EHS RQs
Acetic anhydride	5000 lb	-

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know

Regulations

	Component	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Illinois	Rhode Island
ı	Acetic anhydride	X	X	X	-	X

U.S. Department of Transportation

Acetic anhydride

Reportable Quantity (RQ): N
DOT Marine Pollutant N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade No information available

16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

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 22-May-2017

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Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard

replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally

Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS